May 8. 1746. NUMB. 908.

The Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

FLORENCE, Jan. 14. N. S.

BY Advices from Genoa, the Spaniards are to lend six Ships of War to the Genoese, which the latter are to man, and for this Purpose will disarm and lay up some of their Gallies, and that at Toulon the French are fitting out six other Ships of War with the utmost Dilice, which are to join the above six Spanish Ships, and to be employed for the Service of the Genoese, to ist them in the Recovery of the Island of Corsica, and escorte the Transports with Troops, Ammunition and ovisions, to the Coasts of Genoa, during this Win- . The Genoese have for a long Time been employed raising new Batteries at the Spezzia, and have lately t some large Cannon thither to complete a new Bat- y of Twenty Guns.

Venice, Jan. 22. We have received Letters from our nsul at Durazzo, importing, that the Grand Signior s been deposed, and that Osman Ibrahim, his Brother, rn in 1703, has been raised to the Ottoman Throne his Room. We wait for the Confirmation of this ews.

Paris, Feb. 4. The Mortality among the Cattle, hich had a little abated, has begun again with greater ry than ever, and carries off vast Numbers.

They write from Port l' Orient, that 13 India Ships e sailed from thence for China and Ponticherry, under e Convoy of two Men of War.

Petersburgh, Jan. 18. The Earl of Hyndford having tely received several Expresses from his Court, has not ly conferred with our Ministers, but also had an Auence of the Czarina, in which he represented in very rong and express Terms, that the Court of Verilles had not only supplied the Rebels in Scotland with loney and Ammunition, but had likewise sent a Corps Troops to their Assistance, and had threaten'd an Inion upon England in their Favour; upon which the zarina caused a second Declaration to be made to M. allion, the French Minister, that it was with equal mazement and Concern she received the News of such roceedings, which would oblige her to adhere inviolably the Resolutions she had lately taken, of not only asting the Allies, but even of employing the whole Fors of her Empire in their Favour, to prevent the total verthrow of the Liberties of Europe, from the Ambion of the House of Bourbon.

Hague, Feb. 15. N. S. The Republick has permitted e Austrians, in their March from the Rhine to the etherlands, to pass through her Territory without pay- g ready Money, and sent a Quarter Master to the leuse with Ten thousand Florins to help them forwards, d Twenty thousand more to the Prince of Waldeck; be applied to Uses upon their joining him, which 'tis oped they may do To-morrow.

Hague, Feb. 18. Affairs begin to look here with a ry encouraging Aspect. A Courier is just arrived from rince Waldeck, with an Account of his being joined about 14,000 of the German Reinforcements, and he pected 9000 more the next Day. He has drawn out Mechlin and Antwerp about 6000 Men, which, with e Body he had with him, amounted to about 12,000 ore, he is determined to attack Count Saxe in his Camp; ho is not only weaken'd by Desertion and Sickness, but as not been able to fortify his Lines. Our Men, he says, e in the highest Spirits, and there is hardly any Reason doubt of his Success, as the Marshal cannot be reinrced by any of the separate Bodies, without leaving the ommunication open between us and Namur, Mons and harleroy; which if they do, we shall not only thereby rther augment our Army, but likewise coop up the rench in a Nook of Brabant, and cut off all their Comunication with the Troops which are marching to reinrce them. This Advice has given new Life and Spirits o the States; and they begin now to think with the eople, that to declare War, is better than to be at Peace n the Conditions which Poliphemus offered to Ulysses, nly to be devour'd at last. The French have broke into he only Treaty that bound us to them by Interest; they eem thereby to force us into a Declaration of War, whether we will or not. And the Generality of the People re as desirous we should declare, as the French can be or the Souls of them.

Glasgow, Feb. 17. Last Week one who was lately in the Revenue, but had joined the Rebels, and four others, who had deserted from the Army in Flanders, were hanged at Perth.

Edinburgh, Feb. 18. Admiral Byng in a Tender arrived here last Night; he returns to cruize off Montrose and the Northern Ports this Day. The Rebels have evacuated that Place; he took Possession of it last Week, and found 12 large Pieces of Cannon. It is now kept by a Body of Marines, landed by the Admiral for that Purpose; and this Night the Van of the Duke's Army is expected to be there.

Dublin, Feb. 1. Sixteen Hundred Recruits have been already listed for his Majesty's Service in the North of this Kingdom; Fourteen Hundred of which are Linnen Weavers.

By Order of the Lord Lieutenant and Council of Ireland, a General Embargo was laid on all Outward-bound Ships and Vessels laden with Provisions, excepting for the Use of his Majesty's Ships of War, Transports, Land Forces, and Garrisons, to continue for the space of three Months from the 16th of January.

LONDON, Feb. 17.

On the 4th Instant, 10 Privateers, from 22 to 32 Guns, sailed from Brest to cruize on the English.

We hear that Orders are given for a Squadron of 18 Ships of the Line to rendezvous at Spithead, where there are seven already.

An Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Jan. 25.

" The Baron de Boetzelaer, whom the States General have sent into England upon great Affairs, has, we are informed, declared on the Part of their High Mightinesses to the Ministers of his Britannick Majesty, that it was not through Constraint, nor from being reduced to any Extremity, that the States General had determined to cause their Troops to return home, neither was it for the Defence of the Frontiers of the Republick, seeing this Body could not perform any military Function, but to prevent the Invasion which France was upon the Point of making by Sea and Land, which had already greatly alarmed the Province of Zealand, and the principal Cities of that of Holland. This Minister, 'tis said, represented, at the same time, that notwithstanding all the Measures which the States General were taking, in order to prevent France from falling furiously upon the rest of the Low Countries, their High Mightinesses were nevertheless unable to answer for the Designs which that Power was meditating, both against the Austrian Provinces, and those of the Republick; that in such critical Circumstances they had charged him to declare to the British Court, that it was absolutely impossible for them, either to replace this Body, or to send any other Assistance in Troops for the Defence of England, since, for the Reasons abovementioned, the States General have sufficient need of their Troops to guard their own Frontiers. This Declaration was, we hear, not altogether agreeable to the British Court; 'tis however hoped and believed, that it will very soon have little Occasion for Dutch, or any other foreign Troops, to suppress the Scotch Rebels, or to oppose any foreign Invasion."

Feb. 17. The following is the Scheme for raising three Millions for the Service of the current Year, viz. Two Millions and an Half Annuities at Four per Cent. Half a Million by way of Lottery, the Blanks to carry Four per Cent. The Subscribers for 100 Tickets, with the Proportion of Annuities, are to have a Life Annuity of 90 l. per Annum, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Number of Tickets subscribed.

By a Letter from Edinburgh, there is Advice that the Hazard Sloop is retaken, and 45 Officers on board: And that the Dutchess Dowager of Perth, and the Viscountess of Strathallan, are both brought there, and confined in the Castle.

Letter from Plymouth, Feb. 16.

' Since my last came in his Majesty's Ship Nottingham, Lord George Graham Commander, who is return'd from convoying two India Ships 180 Leagues to the Westward of Scilly.--On Tuesday last he fell in with two French Men of War, about 25 Leagues to the West of Scilly, one of 40, the other 36 Guns, and engaged them 6 Glasses; it being late in the Evening, and a very great Sea, the Nottingham could not open her lower Tier, they left each other till Morning; at which Time the French discovering what Ship she was, thought proper to make the best of their Way; the Nottingham lost only one Man. She had retaken from them a Ship of 16 Guns, laden with Provisions from Waterford for Gibraltar, but has not seen her since the Beginning of the Engagement.'

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Charles Stewens, Commander of his Majesty's Ship the Portland, dated the 14th of February 1745, *W. S. W. from Scilly,* 100 *Leagues.*

' On the 9th Instant, Scilly bearing N. W. distant 21 Leagues, at 4 o' Clock in the Evening, with his Majesty's Ship the Portland under my Command, I engaged the August, a French Ship of War of 50 Guns, 470 Men, after 2 Hours and a half close Action she struck, having had killed 50 Men and 94 wounded, and her Masts so wounded, that they fell by the Board, and with the late hard Easterly Wind have been drove off W. S. W. 100 Leagues; but as now the Wind is coming Westerly, I hope soon to tow my Prize into Plymouth, to add to his Majesty's Fleet a new Ship that sails very well.

My Officers and Men behaved with the greatest Gallantry, and were very glad to try the Strength of his Majesty's Arms in so equal a Manner; we lost on the Part of his Majesty, 5 private Men killed, and 13 wounded; my Masts are all wounded, but not bad; most of my running and standing Rigging shot, main Yard quite destroyed, but I am making another, and are now in good Condition, and high Spirits. I thank God I escaped well, only a Musket Ball grazed me under my right Knee, Skin deep. This I send by the Ambuscade Privateer to Bristol.

Bridgetown, Barbados, April 12. 1746.

We hear that some Letters by the last Pacquet advised, that Commodore Knowles had taken two Transport Vessels off Ostend, having on board 600 Irish Soldiers, under Fitz James, and 5000 l. in Cash, design'd for Scotland.

That the King of Prussia has openly declar'd to the French Minister that he will most vigorously oppose France, in every Measure she takes, to destroy the proper and just Ballance, that ought to be inviolably preserved in every State; and that his Troops should be employed, to regain and secure the frontier Places in Flanders.

B O S T O N, April 28.

Last Tuesday Morning came in here an Express from Falmouth, who informs, that on the 19th Inst. about 10 o'Clock, Mr. Briant of Gorham-Town, about 10 Miles from thence, with three others, went to work in a Field three quarters of a Mile from the Fort, when the said Briant was shot to Death by the Indians, two of the others were taken, and the other made his Escape to the Fort, and informed that he saw about 20 Indians, who went from the Field to said Briant's House, and kill'd and scalp'd 4 of his Children, 3 of whom were knock'd in the Head by an Ax, the other had it's Brains beat out against the Hearth. This was discover'd in the Afternoon by some Persons from the Fort. His Wife was missing, and 'tis supposed is taken Prisoner. One of the Persons taken was seen to be stript naked by the Indians.

By an Express last Saturday from the Westward, we have an Account of an Attack made by the Indians on a new Township called Upper Ashuelot----That the Enemy were about 60; who were discovered in their Approach by the Garrison early in the Morning; whereupon the Men went out to meet them, and fought, which gave most of the Inhabitants time to get into the Garrison; so that there was only an old Man and a Woman kill'd, and one Man missing, suppos'd to be taken Captive.---One of our Men being abroad, was surpriz'd by the Indians, and submitted by laying down his Gun; but the Indian who pursued & had as it were taken him, coming up to him with his Hatchet lifted up to kill him, he thereupon, being resolute, struck the Indian with his Fist such a Blow on the Temple, as laid him on the Ground, which gave him Opportunity to recover his Gun and make his Escape, which he did to the Garrison. They burnt 3 or 4 Houses and a Barn, before they were beat off; and it is suppos'd one of the Indians

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Indians was kill'd, a Gun and a Blanket much blooded having been found.

We hear from No. 4. a new Townſhip to the Weſtward, that three Men, with a Team of four Oxen, having been at a Saw-Mill to fetch Boards, were ſurprized by a Party of Indians, and the Men being miſſing, are ſuppos'd to be either kill'd or made Priſoners, the Oxen being found dead, with their Tongues cut out.

We likewiſe hear, that the Indians have lately ſurprized a Garriſon Houſe in New-Hopkinton, and made Eight Men Priſoners, who they found aſleep in their Beds, the Door being left open or upon the Latch, by a Man who was juſt gone out a hunting.

We have Advice from Caſco-Bay, that the Indians have burnt ſome Out-Houſes there, and that the Inhabitants are daily alarmed by the Enemy.

Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay. *By his Excellency the Governor.*

THeſe are to direct the Officers of the Militia on the Eaſtern and Weſtern Frontiers, ſtrictly to require the Inhabitants from Time to Time, on the Lord's Days and other Days, to have and carry with them their Arms and Ammunition, as they ſhall judge needful, to prevent any Surprize from the Enemy.

Given under my Hand at Boſton, the 25th Day of April, 1746, in the 19th Year of his Majeſty's Reign.

WILLIAM SHIRLEY.

Laſt Week Capt. Griffis arrived here from New-York, after a tedious and dangerous Paſſage of Eleven Weeks, having been forced off this Coaſt by moſt violent Gales of Wind, at Weſt or North-Weſt, and during all that Time, could not ſpeak with any Veſſel, nor catch one Fiſh, and was reduced to great Straits for Proviſions, not having had one Ounce of Fleſh Meat on board for five Weeks, nor a Drop of freſh Water for two Days.

We hear from Annapolis Royal, that the Britiſh Soldiers who lately ſailed from this Port to reinforce that Garriſon, were ſafely arrived there. Moſt of the Officers and Soldiers ſent by his Excellency about two Years ago, to ſtrengthen that Garriſon, are come back to this Town.

Extract of a Letter from Louiſbourg, dated Feb. 26.

The Night after the 20th Inſtant, a moſt ſurprizing Event happened in this Place. A violent Guſt of Wind and Snow Storm aroſe, which ſhipwreck'd almoſt all the Veſſels in the Harbour; and among other Damages done in the City, the General's Houſe did not eſcape, but a great Part of its Roof was blown down. On the Evening before it was clear Weather, and no Symptoms of a ſtormy Night; yet before Morning the whole Harbour was block'd up with Ice and Snow, ſo that it was all as firm Land. The greater Sort of Seals and monſtrous Sea-Cows were trapann'd thereby and left their Water Element, for fear of being drowned. The Whalemen who were poſted at the Iſland Battery drove near a Dozen of thoſe Sea-Cows on Shore alive, on that Fortreſs. Many of them were almoſt thrice the Bigneſs of a large Horſe. Their Skins are about an Inch thick; and ſome of thoſe Sea Animals will make more than a Barrel of Oil. Their Teeth, or rather Horns, were about 2 Feet in Length, and are ſome of the fineſt Ivory in the World. The French ſay there was never ſuch a Sight ſeen here before. And, what was very affecting and awful, the Force of the Wind and Sea drove the Ice ſo hard againſt the Walls of the Iſland Battery, that it burſt open the Gates (tho' barr'd with Iron) and tore up the dead Corps in their Coffins which were buried on that Battery, and theſe were ſeen jamm'd in the Ice, in one Place and another, as People now walked all over the Harbour in Safety, as on Terra Firma.

NEW-YORK, May 5.

By Capt. Jauncy, who arrived here laſt Week in a ſhort Paſſage from Jamaica, we have Advice, that one of the large Briſtol Privateers who touch'd at Barbados a few Weeks ago, had in Company with the Clinton Sloop and Triton Brigt. of this Place, and two more Weſt-India Privateers, taken two large French Prizes, bound to the Cape from France, and had ſent them to Jamaica, where they arrived juſt before Capt. Jauncy ſail'd. 'Tis ſaid all the four other Privateers lay Claim to the Prizes as much as the Briſtol-man.

We hear, there are five Men of War and thirteen Privateers now cruizing near Cape-Francois, waiting for a large Fleet that is daily expected there from France.

We hear further, that a Sloop belonging to New-England, was taken going into Jamaica, which the Captain ranſom'd, and left his Mate as an Hoſtage: Soon after, the ſaid Sloop, with proper Credentials as a Flag of Truce, ſail'd from Jamaica, in order to redeem the Mate; but was met with by a Spaniſh Privateer, who took her and ſent her into the Havanna. A few Days after this, the Privateer fell in with his Majeſty's Snow Drake, Capt. Clarke, under Port Morant Keys, whereupon a very hot Engagement enſued; the Spaniards being much ſuperior in Number, and the Drake having the Misfortune of her Arm-Cheſt on the Quarter Deck blowing up, the Enemy enter'd her, and had Poſſeſſion of her a Quarter of an Hour; but the Captain and Officers, with a few Marines, made a bold Sally, and retook her, and ſhortly after took the Privateer, which they brought with them into Jamaica. Many Men were kill'd on both Sides; the Captain of Marines is dangerouſly wounded; the Lieutenant of the Privateer died of his Wounds in Jamaica, and the Captain has both his Legs cut off. It is thought, that this was the ſmarteſt Engagement of any that has been at Sea this War.

Yeſterday arrived here Capt. Smith in a ſhort Paſſage from Jamaica, who informs us, that the large Spaniſh Galley which had done ſo much Miſchief on that Coaſt, is taken by a Snow Man of War, and brought in there: The Governor was pleaſed to give to the Captain of the Man of War, the Sum of 500 l. and to his Men the Sum of 100 l. to drink his Health with.

We have Advice, by way of Jamaica, that the Dragon and Greyhound Privateers of this Port, were cruiſing off Cape St. Anthony, and had taken a large Spaniſh Privateer Sloop of 16 Carriage Guns, called the Grand Diable, which they mann'd with 55 Men, and made her their Conſort; they had alſo taken a ſmall Sloop laden with Proviſions, and were daily in Expectation of a rich Ship from Carthagena for the Havanna.

By Letters from Albany laſt Week, we learn, that a Party of French Indians have killed a Man near Deerfield, on the Borders of New-England, taken three Men Priſoners, killed a Team of Oxen, and cut the Cart in pieces. Another Party of Indians have burnt the Barn of Mattnys Vandenbergh, oppoſite to Col. William Schuyler's, within four Miles of the City of Albany. Another Party of French Indians burnt two Barns within a Mile of the Town of Schenegtade, one of them belongs to Mr. William Teller. The ſame Day an Indian came up to a Negroe (belonging to Mr. Sanders Glen) as he was plowing, within half a Mile of Schenegtade, in order to take him Priſoner: While the Indian was taking his Belt from his Middle, to tie the Negroe with, the Negroe ſeized him, and took his Gun from him after ſome Struggle; the Indian then run for it, and called to his Companions, who were in the Buſhes; but the Negroe happily made his Eſcape, and brought the Gun to his Maſter.

A SOLILOQUY.

------From evil ſtill educing good. Thompſon.

SHALL FREEDOM, now, her care for *Britain* o'er,
Spread her white wings, and ſpurn her long lov'd ſhore!
Our weeping *maids* ſhall lawleſs ruffians ſtain!
To ſpare the *babe* our *mothers* kneel in vain?
Inſulted, vanquiſh'd, in unequal ſtrife
Shall the fond huſband ſtabb'd reſign the wife?
Shall hungry robbers plunder *Engliſh* wealth?
And ſkulking *Britons* eat their bread by ſtealth?
With thee, O GODDESS! ev'ry *filial art*,
Peace, plenty, ſcience, ſhall at once depart;
Incumbent o'er us *Ign'rance* ſhall diſplay
Her leathern wings, and intercept the day;
Blind Zeal's red torch alone, with hateful light,
Shall juſt diſcloſe the terrors of the night,
While *Superſtition*, raving, ſhakes the blade,
That ſmokes with blood, and glitters thro' the ſhade;
What once were men grow brutes at her controul,
Debas'd, enſlav'd---in *body* and in *ſoul!*
But whence theſe doubts, and whence the fears I feel?
Can rebel outlaws ſhake the publick weal?
Slaves---by a beardleſs, hot-brain'd bigot led!----
My indignation burns, my fears are fled;
They come to bid our ſleeping virtues riſe,
By theſe our Genius ſpeaks; his words are wiſe:
'Hear me, ye ſons of *Eaſe*, whom *Sloth* diſarms,
'And *Pleaſure* captivates, with tinſel charms,
'Yours is the ſinewy nerve that taught ſo late
'*France*, conquer'd *France*, to tremble for her fate.
'You ſmil'd, contemptuous, at the tyrant's nod,
'And drew the ſword for *Liberty* and GOD,
'Each man an hero,---*Glory* all his pay;
'And yet you ſleep in *Lux'ry's* lap to day.
'The foe's at hand!---there's ruin at the door!
'Wake now *for Liberty*, or wake no more!'
Rouz'd at the call, our heroes ſhine again,
Old Engliſh courage beats in ev'ry vein,
With honeſt bluſhes ev'ry cheek is dy'd,
And ev'ry hand is to the ſword apply'd;
Rome's hoſt of ſculptur'd ſaints neglect her prayer,
And all her curſes are diſpers'd in air:
Still, as of old, the cords ſhe weaves we break,
Our ſtrength returning with the rowzing ſhake.
So *Sampſon*, ſlumb'ring on an harlot's knee,
With eaſe was fetter'd, dreaming he was free;
But---*The Philiſtines come!*---he heard and roſe,
Lord of himſelf, the terror of his foes;
Reſumes his might, their various art diſdains,
Looks up, and ſmiling breaks the facile chains.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.

There is Advice from Barbados, that Admiral Townſend, with his Fleet, was again ſailed from Antigua to the Northward.

We hear from Jamaica, that Capt. Joſeph Arthur, in the Sloop Watts, of this Place, bound thither, was taken off the Eaſt End of the Iſland by the Row Galley ſaid to be taken by one of our Men of War.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred In.

Sloop William and Agnes, Wm. Morrell, from Barbados.
---- Virgin, Stephen Hicks, from Rhode-Iſland.
---- Speedwell, Elias Delarue, from Boſton.
---- Increaſe, James Dorrell, from Bermudas.
Snow Barbados Factor, Thomas Ware, from Barbados.
Schooner Lemmon, Lazarus Sampſon, from Boſton.
Brigt. Charming Peggy, Robert Hodge, from St. Kitts.
---- Lucea, William Childs, from Barbados.
---- Charming Betty, Francis Donnovan, from Barbados.

Outwards.

Sloop Endeavour, Benjamin Tatem, for S. Carolina.
---- Katy, Cornelius Bowne, for N. Providence.
---- Speedwell, Elias Delarue, for Boſton.
---- Endeavour, Jonathan Dill, for Louiſburgh.
---- Dove, William Dickinſon, for Jamaica.
Snow Barbados Factor, Thomas Ware for Barbados.
Schooner Lemmon, Lazarus Sampſon, for N. England.

Cleared.

Sloop Henry, Benjamin Gibbs, to Coracoa.
---- Providence, James White, to S. Carolina.
---- Sally, Thomas Dudley, to N. Carolina.
---- Batchelor, Chriſtopher Goddard, to Madeira.
---- Lydia and Betty, Reuben Worth, to S. Carolina.
---- Adolph, John Burk, to Statia.
---- Elizabeth, John Prentice, to Barbados.
Brigt. Pompey, George Davis, to N. Providence.
Schooner Fame, Eliſha Woodberry, to Boſton.
---- Bredah, Daniel Burch, to Coracoa.

Lately publiſhed the following Laws, viz.

AN Act for the Re-emitting and Continuing the Currency of the Bills of Credit of this Province.

An Act for amending the ſeveral Acts for Electing Members of Aſſembly.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts.

A Supplement to the Act, entituled, an Act for Erecting Houſes of Correction, and Work Houſes in the reſpective Counties; and to the Act, intituled, an Act to enable Jeremiah Langhorne, &c. to build a Court-Houſe in the County of Bucks.

An Act for erecting a Houſe of Correction and a Work Houſe, in the Borough of Briſtol, in the County of Bucks, and for raiſing of Money on the Inhabitants of the ſaid Borough, for the publick Uſe and Benefit thereof.

A Supplementary Act to the Act, intituled, an Act for preventing the Exportation of Bread and Flour not merchantable.

An Act for the more effectual Suppreſſing profane Curſing and Swearing.

Printed and ſold by B. Franklin. *Price* 1*ſ.* 6*d.*

BY a Law of the Colony of New-York, paſſed in the 19*th Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, a Publick Lottery, is directed for* £. 22,500, *conſiſting of* 15,000 *Tickets, at* 30*ſ. each,* 3000 *of which to be fortunate, viz.*

Number of Prizes.		Value of each.	Total Value.
2	of	£. 1000	£. 2000
2	of	500	1000
4	of	300	1200
6	of	200	1200
20	of	100	2000
40	of	50	2000
100	of	15	1500
201	of	10	2010
405	of	6	2430
2220	of	3	6660

3000 *Prizes*		£. 22,000
	Firſt drawn Ticket	200
	Laſt drawn	300
12000 *Blanks*		

15000 *Tickets. each* 30*ſ. makes* £. 22500

Fifteen per Cent. to be deducted from the Prizes. The Drawing to commence on or before the firſt Day of June next [Notice thereof will be given in the New-York Poſt-Boy, fourteeen Days before] at the City-Hall of New-York, under the Inſpection of the Corporation, and ſuch Perſons as each County ſhall reſpectively appoint. The Managers to be ſworn, and to give ſufficient Security for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt. The whole will be regulated with reſpect to the Tickets, the Drawing, keeping the Accounts, and other Particulars, as near as can be, to the Method practiſed in England. Publick Notice will be given when the Tickets are to be put into the Boxes. The Numbers of the Blanks as well as of the Fortunate Tickets, will be publiſhed Weekly as they are drawn, in the New-York Poſt-Boy. Such as forge or counterfeit any Ticket, or alter the Number, and are thereof convicted, ſhall ſuffer Death, as in Caſes of Felony. The Money to be paid to the Poſſeſſors of the Benefit Tickets as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed.

Tickets are to be had at the Dwelling-Houſes of Meſſieurs Peter Valete, Peter Van Brugh Livingſton, and Gabriel Ludlow, who are appointed Managers. Tickets may be had alſo of B. Franklin, in Philadelphia.

TO BE LET,

A Commodious Houſe and Lot, on Market-ſtreet, next Door to Mr. Jacob Shoemaker's, at the Sign of the Spinning-wheel. Enquire further of James Mercereau, at ſaid Houſe.

To be sold by publick Vendue, on Monday the 19th Instant [May] at 4 o' Clock in the Afternoon, at John Saunders's, at the Sign of the Huntsman and Hounds, on the upper End of Second-Street;

TWO *Lots of Ground opposite the Powder-House, and another opposite to Pegg's Brick-Kilns.*

N. B. As it has been heretofore advertized, that all Persons indebted to John Leech, deceas'd, were desired to pay the same; this is therefore, as there was no Notice taken, to warn them, that on their farther Delay, a more speedy Method will be taken, by Mary Leech, Executrix.

Dover, April 27. 1746.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there is in this goal, a man that goes by the name of James Young, an Englishman, is about 5 feet 9 inches high, of a ruddy complexion, well set, has black curl'd hair, long visage, high thin nose, a learing down look, and is about 40 years of age. 'Tis thought he is the person that made his escape in August last, from Anthony Tate, near Newtown goal, Bucks county, as he has confessed he had an ax with him, when he made his escape some time ago, from some body in Bucks county, but does not know from whom. If he is the person, it is desired he should be speedily taken away.

THOMAS GREEN, Sheriff.

NOTICE is hereby given that David Davis, fuller, at lower Merion, is removed down to Darby to the fulling mill late Job Harvey's; where any person may have all sorts of woollen cloth, or druggets mill'd, dy'd, shear'd and press'd, after the best manner; also tammies and duroys scower'd and pressed; linen or woollen dyed blue, either in cloth or yarn; old garments scower'd and pressed; stains or mildews taken out of pieces damaged by sea; all which shall be done with care, and to the best advantage, by said Davis.

N. B. He still continues to take in stuff at his old place, in Merion, to oblige former customers, and they may depend upon having it as well done, and with more expedition than usual. And will hereafter continue to take in work at John Chappel's, at the sign of the Black Bull, in Market-street, Philadelphia.

To be sold or let by the above named David Davis;

A Tract of Land containing 100 Acres, in the township of Lower Merion, in Philadelphia county; with a good fulling mill, and all utensils thereunto belonging; a good dwelling house, barn and stables; a very good bearing orchard; about 7 acres of good meadow, all under water; about one half of the land cleared, and within good fence: There is also very good conveniencies on the place to build a grist-mill, where the water has above 20 foot fall, without doing any damage to the fulling mill; any person inclining to purchase, or rent the said place, by applying to the said Davis, now living at Darby, may know the conditions.

N. B. The said place is within a mile of the Three Tuns, and within 10 miles of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

STRAYED or stolen on the 19th of April last, from Moses Wells, living in Lower Dublin, Philadelphia county; a small white mare, having a scar on her rump, and is somewhat likely to have the pole-evil, having a lump on her near side, much higher than the other, and paces a small travel. Whoever takes up the said mare, and brings her to the owner, shall be rewarded according to their labour, by

MOSES WELLS.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

AT ten o' Clock on Tuesday the 20th Inst. will be sold by publick vendue, near the sign of the Rising Sun, on Germantown road; Ten lots of good wood land, each being in breadth on said road between 5 and 6 perches; in depth, from 23 and a half to 38 perches; containing, from 3 quarters of an acre to near an acre and a quarter. The buyers may have 6 months credit, and if at that time they cannot make payment, they shall have one year more, upon paying lawful Interest, and giving security, if required.

THEOBALD BOYER.

Just imported in the Ship Williams Galley, Captain Harrison, from London, and to be sold by Joseph Sims, at his House, in Front Street, for ready Money, or three Months Credit, viz.

BEST French verdigrease, allom, red wood, madder, 2, 4, 6, 10 and 20 penny nails, best English steel, best Pennsylvania scythes, with an assortment of European and East-India goods.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

RUN away on the 3d inst. from the subscriber, an apprentice lad, named James Jacobs, about 18 or 19 years of age, tall and slender, of a pale complexion, long visage, long nose, long dark hair, if not cut off, by trade a carpenter, and was born at New-York. Had on when he went away, a brown kersey Coat, with large brass buttons, a brown linnen vest, both leather and linnen breeches, worsted stockings, and cotton ditto, new shoes, large silver buckles, with brass anchors, a pair of wrought brass buckles, and a good castor hat. Whoever takes up said apprentice, and brings him to the subscriber, or secures him in any goal in Pennsylvania government, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges; or if taken in any other government, Ten Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by

ISAAC TAYLOR.

N. B. 'Tis probable he may change his clothes.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

WHereas *Catharine Warkins, wife of Richard Warkins, of this City, Tobacconist, has considerably run him in debt; these are to warn all persons not to trust her on his account, for he will pay no debts by her contracted, from the Date hereof.*

RICHARD WARKINS.

IMPORTED in the Ship Williams-Galley, Capt. Harrison, a small Bale, No. 1, SIE in a Diamond, with a Figure of 4 and Crowfoot, Stores; the Owner appearing and proving his Property, may have the same from Mr. George Okill, paying the Freight, and the Charge of this Advertisement.

To be sold by Thomas Marriott, living in the Borough of Bristol, in the County of Bucks, the following Lots, viz.

A Good house 26 feet front on a street running along the river Delaware, on a lot which runs 222 feet back, to another street; another good brick house, 21 feet front, with convenient cellars, kitchen, wells, &c. on a lot which also runs back 222 feet, to the said other street; a good brick shop, 2 stories high, with a cellar underneath, on a lot which also runs back the same distance; a lot and shop on the bank, fronting Delaware river; also an orchard of choice fruit, inclosed with a good hedge, and fronts 3 streets, together with a good stable, cart-house, cow-houses, and divers other conveniencies; four acres of mowing ground, in good order, and inclosed with a fine thorn hedge, together with a lot 66 feet wide, running from the four acres to the street, and so down to the said river; all which said lots and houses are situate in a commodious part of the borough of Bristol: Also 4 acres of meadow, and 33 acres of wood-land, about a mile and a half from the above premisses; with 1250 acres of land in the Jerseys, a little above the forks of Delaware, and fronting said river. Any person inclining to purchase the whole or part, by applying to said Marriott, the owner, may know the title and terms of sale.

Just imported from London, in the Ship Williams-Galley, Henry Harrison Commander, and to be sold by Daniel Benezet, at his Store opposite to the Sign of the George, in Second-street, FOR READY MONEY ONLY;

CHeck linen, six five and three quarter yd. wide, and 3 8ths; ditto cotton, 6 and 5 quarter yd. wide; variety of Irish linen, Britania linens, German and Holland whited long lawns, pistol lawns, whole pieces 7 8 clear lawns, remnants dit. qt. 2& half yds. dit. cambricks fine and coarse, purple ground callicoes, blue and white ditto large flowers, ditto pencill'd, ditto China blue 12 yd. pieces, strip'd blue and white ditto, large ell wide chints glazed, ditto small qt. 12 yds. cosseas and tanjibs, muslins 6 &. 5 qr. and 1 8 yd. wide, fine and coarse; fine white India dimities, peneascols masquerade, colour'd ginghams, strip'd bengals fine and coarse, cotton romal, ditto fine blue and white qt. 12 handkerchiefs, nillaes, ellatchets double, chelloes, black and changeable taffaties, blue and red Fr. paduasoy, black and colour'd shagreens, black blush and cloth colour'd ell wide persians, maiden blush and white half yd. ditto, white sarcenet, bordered and spotted bandanoe handkerchiefs, 2 and 3 corded white balladine sewing silks in pounds, black crow cloth and light colour'd ditto, variety of ribbands, double single and fine boil'd camblets, common ditto, fine and coarse camblettees, ditto duroys, ribband farstien, brocaded damasks, womens emboss'd thread clock'd silk hose, womens common thread ditto, mens thread hose fine & coarse, womens white lamb gloves and mittens, ditto coloured and glazed, mens colour'd ditto, fine and course gartering, worsted and cotton caps, plain and chafed 6 qr. cotton laces, cruels in shades, selacks, blue and white Scotch linen handkerchiefs, nuns & Scotch thread, fine and coarse colour'd ditto, stay trimmings, fine wire and horn mould waistcoat and shirt buttons, broad and narrow silk and worsted quality ferret, broad and narrow strip'd cotton tapes, strip'd thread jacket buttons, variety of pins, &c. &c. &c.

126742

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof for a Year's Gazette, or more, are desired to make Payment.

A Plantation lying on the great road to Conestogo, 8 or 9 miles from Philadelphia, in Merion township, containing 107 Acres; there is on it a pretty good dwelling-house, a good fram'd barn, a smith's shop, with two hearths, a coal house, a large young orchard, a considerable part good bearing trees; also some meadow, and more may be made; there is about 40 acres of wood land, the rest clear'd to hand; this place is well situated for almost any tradesman, especially a tanner, storekeeper, sadler or smith, it being not only on one of the greatest roads in the province, but in a thick settled neighbourhood, and within a mile or little more of a meeting, and of 2 grist and fulling mills, and a saw-mill. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the conditions at the said plantation, from the subscriber, who intending soon to go back in the country, is the more desirous of selling, in order to settle his affairs.

JACOB MELLOR.

N. B. There is also to be sold 20 acres of winter grain.

A *Tract of Land in Bucks County, belonging to Richard Murray, is to be sold by Abraham Chapman, and Henry Vanaken, in Philadelphia.*

CHOICE Pickled STURGEON, sold by the Cagg or Pound, at Anthony Wilkinson's, in Water-street, Philadelphia.

Just imported, and to be sold by Andrew Oswald, at Mr. Joseph Turner's Store, in Front-street, Philadelphia;

MAPS of the 4 quarters of the world, with descriptions of the customs, manners and religion of the natives; maps of the whole globe; maps and prospects of the city of London; prospects of the most principal cities and towns in England; several pictures of sea-fights; representations of land battles; pictures of the royal family; variety of other prints, &c. Consultations between the Pope, the king of France, the Old Pretender, Young Pretender, a Highlander and the Devil; lamentations of Louis; the chapter of Dettingen, with several curious and political prints.

Trenton, 24th of the 2d Month, 1746.

To be Sold or Lett by WILLIAM MORRIS, in Trenton,

SUNDRY Lots of Land, on each Side of Hanover-street, containing 45 feet front, and 147 feet deep or back from said street; and several lots in Queen-street, to be divided as may be agreed on; also one lot in King-street, 63 feet front, and 200 feet back, fronting a twelve feet alley: And to be sold by said Morris, one lot in said street, 74 feet front, and 200 back, with a good dwelling house, brick kitchen, store house, and stable; also one plantation in the township of Hopewell, about eight miles from Trenton, containing 315 acres of land, good dwelling house, new barn, and stables, with a good orchard, producing some of the best of Cyder.

WILLIAM MORRIS.

And to be sold by William Morris, and Son,

A large well built grist mill, with two pair of stones, two water wheels, boulting and hoisting by water; the said mill being upon a stream, known by the name of Docher's creek; which proved so constant, that in all the last summer's drought, there was little or no want of water to keep the same constantly going; two dwelling houses, store house, stable, and cooper's shop, all within about a quarter of a mile of a good navigable landing; also a plantation, upon which the above premisses stand, being in the township of Nottingham, in the county of Burlington, containing upwards of 300 acres, with a good dwelling house, barn, stable, and orchard thereon; also a considerable quantity of meadow in grass, with a large quantity of good low land, capable of making more. The whole commodiously situated, bounded on Crosswicks creek, about six miles from Trenton, and two from Crosswicks meeting house. One pair of the mill stones are the best sort of Dutch cullings; and the plantation in good fence. By applying to the subscribers in Trenton, or at said mills, may be better informed. The title indisputable.

WILLIAM MORRIS,
WILLIAM MORRIS, jun.

Just arrived in the Snow Dublin's Prize, William Rankin, Master,

A Number of likely and healthy Men and Women servants, the Men mostly tradesmen; who are to be disposed of by Israel Pemberton, jun. or said master on board the snow, now lying off Chesnut-street Wharff.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY Negroe Man, a Biscuit Baker by trade; enquire of the Printer hereof.

Philadelphia, April 24. 1746.

Published by the Covenanted Presbyterians in AMERICA.

WHEREAS we being threatened with Trouble by a Popish Pretender, and the Indians joining with the French, we judge it our indispensible Duty immediately to draw up ourselves in Companies to exercise, in order to prepare for War, if necessarily called thereto, for the Defence of our sacred and civil Rights, and the Place where we live, agreeable to our Testimony.

Philadelphia, April 24. 1746.

WHEREAS Rose Bowler, the Wife of John Bowler, of this City, Mariner, has in his Absence, run him in Debt. All Persons are therefore desired not to trust her any more on his Account, for he will pay no Debts she shall contract, from the Date hereof.

JOHN BOWLER.

ALL persons that are indebted to the estate of William Little, deceased, late of Duck-creek, in the county of New-castle, master of a shallop; are desired forthwith to pay their respective debts, to William M' Crea, Administrator, in Front-street, Philadelphia: And all persons that have any demands on the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts to said M' Crea, that they may be settled. And whereas many papers are missing, this is to desire all persons, not to pay any sum to any other person, if accounts, notes or bonds, should be produced, without orders from said M' Crea.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation in the Mannor of Morcland, and County of Philadelphia, containing 152 Acres of very good Land, one Half thereof Meadow Ground, chiefly cleared, and made fit for the Scythe, the whole Place in very good Repair, being all fenced with Chestnut Rails, and divided into Fields, Water in each Part thereof, two fine Streams running thro' said Place, and join about the Middle of the Land, Plenty of Fish are in said Runs, such as Trout, Mullett and Pike, the Fish might be kept with little Cost, by putting a Grate at each End, they never overflow with any Fresh, their Heads are Half a Mile distant, and much the same Length from where they join to the Extent thereof, which affords Room for the Fish to play and feed. The Plantation is commodiously situated on the upper York Road, 16 Miles from Philadelphia, and joins on a Grist Mill that makes Merchants Work, has good Improvements, a large Stone House, two Story high four Rooms on each Floor, a Cellar the whole Length of the House, a new Stone Kitchen, well finished, also a Negroe Stone House, Stable, Barn, and other Houses, two very good Orchards, a fine Spring in one of them, where a Fish-pond might be made with very little Charge, also a cold Bath, a large Garden, newly paled, adjoining the said House: The Place is fit for either a Gentleman or Storekeeper, it being a Country Village, and a great Resort of People, the Quit-rent about Two-pence per Year, and the Title sure. Any Person inclining to purchase said Place, paying Two Hundred Pounds in Hand, may have Three Years Time or more for the Payment of the rest, paying Interest. Enquire of Patrick Hunlon, near the Place, or Mr. Andrew Farrel, Tanner in Philadelphia, and know farther. ---

N. B. There are several likely Negroes to be disposed of by said Farrel.

NOtice is hereby given, that there is now in the hands of John Fletcher, of Plymouth, deputy ranger for George Boone, Esq; chief ranger for the county of Philadelphia, the following strays, viz. a grey horse, branded Q; a roan mare, and a grey colt, branded with a heart; a bay horse; a large bay mare; and a bay horse, branded on the near Buttock H K; the owners proving their properties, and describing their other natural marks, paying charges, may have 'em again; and any person having any strays in his hands, of what kind soever, are desired to bring, send, or give notice of them to the ranger, in order that the owners may be found; and if any person having a stray, if a horse, or a mare, by sending of 'em to the ranger, shall have five shillings for his trouble; but if any person having a stray, and knowing the same to be a stray, and shall neglect giving lawful notice to the ranger, may expect to be proceeded against as the law directs.

To be sold by John Seymour, in Mr. Norris's Alley,

FIne white tabby silk, stay trimming, white 3 cord balladine silk, needles, wig cauls, wig ribbands, and barber's raw silk for weaving, &c.

NOTICE is hereby given to all those who are or may be concerned as adventurers in the proposals made by the subscriber, for sale of a messuage, and sundry lots of ground, &c. by drawing of chances, That whoever shall be the gainers of any lots in Trenton or Smithfield; or of any of the Fifty-five lots at Kensington, which are valued in the list of prizes, at twelve pound ten shillings per lot, shall have the choice either to have the said lots confirm'd to them, their heirs and assigns forever; or to receive the respective values of the said lots as rated in the said list, in cash on demand, without any Deduction whatsoever, by

JOHN BOOD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Timothy Matlack, is removed and settled in Philadelphia, against the Jersey-Market, a little above the Post-Office, in Market-Street, at the sign of the two Sugar-Loves, marked TM *in gold letters; where any person may be supplied with European and West-India goods, cheap for ready money or short credit. All persons indebted to the said Timothy Matlack, on bonds, bills, or book debts, are desired to come and settle their accounts, and pay their respective debts or they may expect to be proceeded against as the law directs,*

N. B. Attendance will be given at Haddonfield, the second second day in every month during the summer season, in order to settle with debtors

TIMOTHY MATLACK.

MARY CAHELL from the city of Dublin, has removed from Mr. Burk's, in Front-street, to Mr. Joshua Nickilson's, Taylor, in Market-street, Philadelphia, four Doors above the Spinning-wheel, where she makes and sells all sorts of gentlemens velvet and leather caps, also ladies and childrens caps, mantelets, pillareens, hoods, bonnets, long and short cloaks, mantles and scarfs, with black bags and roses for gentlemens hair or wigs; all which she makes after the newest and neatest fashions, and very cheap.

N. B. She makes turbans for Negroes.

Philadelphia, May 1. 1746.

RUN away on the 27th of April last, from James Payne, Cooper, living on Society Hill, a servant Lad, named Michael Woldridge, of middle Stature, dark Complexion, bushy Hair, between 17 and 18 Years of Age: Had on, a Felt Hat, a silk Barcelona handkerchief, a browniish colour'd jacket lin'd with blue, a pair of buckskin breeches with brass buttons, ozenbrigs shirt, mix'd yarn stockings, and a pair of double soal'd shoes. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may him again, shall have Twenty-shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES PAYNE.

Philadelphia, April 24. 1746.

ABsconded from the Ship Ballance (now at Philadelphia) Richard Gill, Master, the three following Men, viz.

JAMES WORTHINGTON, a fat, lusty, slovenly Fellow; had on a blue Jacket, and otherwise clothed as a Sailor; he pretends to be a Carpenter, and says he served his Time in Liverpool,

The other two, *HUGH CLEMMONS*, and *ARCHIBALD HALL*, are both Irishmen, of middle Stature, and clothed as Sailors, but particularly have on brown Jackets.

Whoever takes up and secures the above Men, or either of them, shall have Two Pistoles Reward for each, paid by

RICHARD GILL.

RUN away on the 25th of March, 1746, from the house of Arthur Foster, of Paxton township, in the county of Lancaster, a prisoner woman, named Mary Porter; is low and slender, heavy brow'd, squints a little, thin face, and black hair: Had on a lead coloured diamond rais'd stuff gown, a blue petticoat with black pains in it; she stole a callicoe gown, a striped blue and white petticoat with a callicoe border, a black callimancoe petticoat, a white flannel petticoat, a red short cloak, a felt hat, two pair of womens shoes, several womens and babies caps, a woman's shift with silver buttons in the sleeves, and aprons. Whoever takes up the said Runaway, so that the said Foster may have her again, shall have Forty shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

ARTHUR FOSTER.

ABRAHAM SHELLEY,

Keeper of the Work-house, in Philadelph continues to buy,

FINE grey Linnen Yarn, for which gives Ready Money. He makes and sells for Money, all Sorts of fine coloured Thread, at reason Rates. He takes in Linnen Yarn, to die blue, and Linnen, to dye, stiffen, and glaze, for the Lineing of tlemen's Cloaths, or Hat Lineings, printed Linnen Callico, new or old to scower or glaze; Cloth Cloath scower and clean; Logwood, Redwood, and Fustick, to for Dyers and Hatters: All with Care and Expediti

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Philadelphia, March 15. 1745-6

DEserted from the Officers now raising M for Governor Shirley's Regiment of Foot at C Breton, the following Persons, viz. MOSES LARK DANIEL SHIE, JOHN PRICE, RICHARD BR ZIER, THOMAS LEECH, JOSEPH BRAGD BARNEY MACLAUCHLAN, DANIEL LION, Jo MACGLOUGHLIN, ALBERT LEOPOLT, CHARLES BURNES. *Whoever apprehends any of Deserters, and brings them to the Sign of the George, Second-street, Philadelphia, shall have Two Pistoles ward for each, from*

PHILIP GOTTFRIED KAST,
CHARLES PROCTER.

GH R

DIEU ET MON DROIT

For His Majesty's Service.

ALL Gentlemen inclining to serve H majesty king GEORGE, as voluntiers in regiment of foot under command of his excell WILLIAM SHIRLEY, esq; governor of the provinc the Massachusetts-Bay, in New-England, &c. may re to the sign of the George, in Second-street, Philadelp and there agree for the term of three, five, or seven ye at the expiration whereof, if they desire it, they shall faithfully discharged, and land given them to settle o the island of Cape-Breton. They shall, upon their in ment, receive an English crown to drink his Maje health, and enter immediately into British pay; passages shall be paid to Boston or Louisburgh, and all cessaries for the voyage furnished for them: They on their embarkation, receive two pistoles bounty mon and as soon as they arrive at Boston or Louisburgh, have a good new suit of cloaths, from head to foot, two good new Shirts, &c.

N. B. The officers attend, at the place above-m tioned, from eight to eleven in the morning, and fr three to six in the afternoon.

CHARLES PROCTER.
PHILIP GOTTFRIED KA

Vor den Koenig von Engeland.

ALLE herrn so lust und lieb haben, dienst zunehmen unter commandant Willhe Scherli, obrister ober ein regiment zu fuss und G verneur in New-England, &c. der mag na fragen bey herr Johann Bood, wohnhafft in Second Strasse, in Philadelphia, und sie koenn capitulieren vor 3, 5, oder 7 Jahr, wann die aus's ist, und wollen nicht mehr soldaten sein, sollen sie ihren ehrlichen abschied haben. Es gut land, allda in Ludwigs Burg, Cappreton des lands nahmen, wann einer sich hauslshaen will niedersetzen, der soll land frey haben ewig, und sollen frey hingeland werden; und sich bey uns unterhalten laest, soll eine Englis cron haben for des Koenigs wohlseyn zu trinc Wir gieben 15 Teutsche gulden hand geld, jahr eine neue mundur von tuss auf big zum hu wie auch hembter, und 14 kreutzer ein tag, essen darneben.

P. S. Wan einer weib und kinder hat, er erlaubnus solche mit zu nehmen. Wir logier im wirths hause zum Sanct Georg, in der Secon strass, in Philadelphia, einer ist ein Teutsch officier, nahmens Philip Gottfried Ka Charles Procter.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the Market.

Best possible image.

May 15. 1746. NUMB. 909.

The Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

LEGHORN, January 29.

WE learn by the Master of a Vessel, that came from Corsica on the 22d, that the English Men of War, with Bomb Vessels, having appeared before Calvi, the Governor had been summoned to surrender, and that the Inhabitants had no Inclination to stand a Bombardment. It is still said that the English are to have two Ports in Corsica, in return for the Assistance given by them to the Inhabitants.

Genoa, January 25. We have no longer any direct Communication with the Isle of Corsica, and the arm'd Vessels of the Malecontents cruize even upon our Coasts: Which makes it thought that the Affairs of the Republick there are upon a very bad Footing, notwithstanding what has been given out to the contrary. We learn by Letters from Leghorn, that Colonel Lucas Ornano, who had taken the Part of the Republick, met with very little Success.

Mantua, Feb. 1. As the Empress Queen, our Sovereign, has resolved, that the Troops which are coming hither from Bohemia, shall pass by the Mouth of the Goro; General Palavicini has given Notice of this Resolution to the Admiral of the English Fleet, that he may be able to detach some Vessels to cover the Embarkation, and afterwards secure the Convoys from the Insults to which they might be exposed from the armed Vessels belonging to the Kingdom of Naples.

Bastia, Jan. 10. Four English Men of War arrived on the 5th in the Road of this City, and cast Anchor at a Mile Distance. The Commandant came on shore the same Day, with several Officers, and was received by the Castle under a general Discharge of the Artillery. The next Day there was a Council of War, in which it was resolved that the English should attack Ajaccio and Calvi by Sea, while the Count de Rivarola besieged them by Land. On the 12th these four Ships sailed for that Expedition, and are to be joined by others that are cruizing on those Shores, and four Bomb Vessels, expected from Leghorn. The Troops in Garrison here having been drawn up in the principal Street, and taken an Oath never to return again to the Government of the Genoese, they hung out at the Castle the Arms of the Kingdom of Corsica.

Madrid, Jan. 30. In Italy, the late Turn of Affairs calls for new Counsels, wherefrom we are informed, that M. Maillebois and Count Gages differ extremely; and have carried their Difference to such a Length, as to write Satires on each other's Conduct. The Count is agreed on all Hands to be the best Soldier, the Marshal to have the best Secretary. It happens well that the Infant is with them to counterpoise these idle Disputes, and to preserve our Affairs in a due Equilibrium. The Count is for leaving a proper Number of Men to keep Prince Lichtenstein employed; and to march with the rest into the Modenese or Mantuan, in order to cut off the German Reinforcements as they arrive. The Marshal is for pushing on the Siege of the Castle of Milan and Town of Alexandria, and then for retiring into the State of Genoa; concluding, that before the Enemy can retake them, the Allied Army will be sufficiently reinforced, to be able to face the Enemy. Spain was thin of People before, but is now, in some Places, like a Wilderness. The States of Upper Castile have presented an Address to the King, praying him, to consider the Consequences which may attend the unpeopling the Country at this Conjuncture; and have been answer'd, That the King thanks them for their Care; that he will consider of it; and send for their farther Advice when he wants it. The Priests have likewise complain'd in their Turn, on Account of a new Tax impos'd on them without the Pope's Approbation: To which the Court has reply'd, That if they take care to pay their Taxes, the King will see that the Pope shall grant them a Brief. In a Word, neither the Castilian Privileges, nor the Religious Rights of the Church, are any Kind of Fence against the warm Pursuits of the Queen, and the Establishment of Don Philip in Italy.

Jan. 31. Our Ministers are fully employed in receiving and dispatching of Couriers, who arrive seven or eight of a Day; from whence we conclude some important Negociation is on the Tapis; or, as some rather think, that our Affairs are running retrogade in Italy; and are more confirmed therein by the great Hurry wherewith we send away our Troops and Money. The Court looked gay enough on the Arrival of the Treasure at Corunna; the Indulto whereof amounts to Two Millions of Piastres, besides what is on the King's Account. But, as it comes here, so it walks away to Italy and France. It is rare any shews its Face here, except to be counted and repacked. We expect Nine Millions more from Panama and Mexico, which we presume will take the same Rout so soon as it arrives. Five French Men of War are arriv'd at Corunna from Cadiz, in their Rout for Ferrol; where they are to be joined by Four of ours, and to sail together for Brest.

Turin, Feb. 6. Our Thoughts are wholly turned here on putting a final Period to the War in Italy this Campaign; which we are morally sure must be the Case, if no unforeseen Accident intervenes. We shall be superior to the Enemy by at least 15,000 Men; and hope, with Part of our Army, to be in the Heart of Provence by the Middle of June; and with the Rest in Naples and Genoa. The Prince of Lichtenstein is in Motion with his Army; not to retire, as the Enemy gives out, but to join the first Column of the Reinforcements from Germany, and to attack the Enemy's Army before Milan. When Notice of his Success shall arrive, the King will immediately march at the Head of his Army into the Genoese State. The Grand Scheme is to cut off the Enemies Communication with the Sea Ports; which, as the Seas now begin to grow favourable, will be much forwarded by the English Fleet being able to keep the Coast.

Vienna, Feb. 2. The Capitation Tax is at last resolv'd on; and the Method, not an ill Precedent for other Countries, People being tax'd according to their Rank; viz. a Prince, Count, or other Noblemen, at 600 Florins; the principal Officers of the Houshold at 450; the principal Ladies at 300; the Gentlemen of the Chambers at 200; Privy-Counsellors at 400; Council of the Regency at 200; the Clerks at 50; and the Merchants at 75. The Bishops, and other Prelates, at 600; the Commons, Curates, and Religious, at 50, 25, to 3 a piece. In the Military; a Field Marshal 400, a Captain 50, and the rest in Proportion. Ordinary People and Servants One each; and the same for all Strangers without Employment. The Women are tax'd according to their Rank, and pay half as much as their Husbands; and the Children the same as the Mother. This is the worst Part of the Tax, as it falls heaviest on those who are most burden'd, and marry for the Good of the State. It is to be paid in a Month; the Delinquents to pay Fourfold. M. Wasner, our Resident at London, informs the Court, that he has received 40,000 l. Sterl. on Account of the Arrears of the last Subsidy. Prince Lobkowitz is to command in the Low Countries under Prince Charles, who is to command the Army in Chief, and Count Traun is to have a joint Command with Prince Lichtenstein, in Italy. Our Troops are directed to march to the Borders of the Adriatic, and to embark there under the Convoy of the English Squadron; which it is proposed will save Time, and prevent their being fatigued, or deserting in their further March; and be landed in such Part of Italy as may be found most proper.

LONDON, Feb. 3.

Private Letters from Paris say, that the Ministry is very busy in forming Plans for a general Peace, which the People however doubt will not take Place this Year. It is not yet known whether the Court has resolved to revoke the Arret of December the 31st last, which sets aside the Treaty of Commerce of 1739. But it is thought that the Dutch will at least have Liberty to send Fish into the French Ports, that Commodity being very much wanted. While Preparations of War go vigorously on, the French King has caused it to be insinuated by his Ministry in foreign Courts, That he will not consent to an Accommodation unless Cape Breton be restored, the English agree not to insist on the Re-demolition of Dunkirk, and there be an Establishment for Don Philip in Lombardy: But if these Points are given up, his most Christian Majesty will intirely abandon the Cause of the Pretender, and deliver up all his late Conquests.

Nivelle is taken Possession of by the Enemy, the small Garrison therein having found Means to retire in Safety. Mons is invested, and the same Thing is reported of Luxemburgh. Louvain is already in the Hands of the Enemy, and great Preparations are making to save Mechlin. The People of Antwerp apprehend themselves at present out of Danger.

Feb. 8. According to Lists published in France, the Forces of the French King and his Allies will amount to 360,000 Men for the next Campaign: But they expect that the Allies, in War with France, will have 392,000.

The American Merchant, Capt. Haslam, for New-England, is taken and carried into St. Maloes.

Last Thursday Night, as the Mary Tender was falling down the River, with 44 impress'd Men for his Majesty's Ships in the Downs, they mutinied, and broke out of the Hold, bound the Captain in his Chair, confined the Lieutenant in his Cabin, and then got off. Two of the Crew belonging to the Tender were unfortunately drowned, in endeavouring to prevent their Escape.

Feb. 15. At Vienna the Ministry talk very big. By a heavy Capitation Tax, from which no Rank or Order of People is excepted, only some begging Priests, they propose to raise such a Sum, as will enable them to carry on the War with more Vigour than ever against the House of Bourbon, even tho' they should have no Subsidies from any foreign Power. Hungary is not included in this Capitation, and the Bohemians are endeavouring to get themselves excused, upon paying an additional Subsidy of 400,000 Crowns. It is not known how they will succeed: But there seems no Hopes of Relief to any other of the Subjects of the Empress Queen.

The Measures taken indeed, in the March of Troops, both for the Netherlands and Italy, have an Air of Resolution beyond what we have seen in Seats of War so remote from Austria: And upon the Irruption of the French from Hunninguen into the Circle of Swabia, a greater Body of Austrians is to be sent to the Assistance of the Army of the Empire.

The Letters from Petersburgh are all full of the great military Preparations there carrying on, both by Sea and Land, against the approaching Summer. There is to be an Army of 45,000 Men in Livonia and Courland, besides a Body of 15,000 near Smolensko.

The King of Prussia has been sending a Body of Troops into the Dutchy of Cleves, and talks of sending another into East Friesland. Some Letters say he will follow the former himself, and others make him only going to Pyrmont. We will form no Conjectures concerning the Intentions of this Monarch.

The Kings of France and Spain have granted Licence to all British Subjects to trade in their Ports, provided they furnish themselves with Passports from the young Pretender; but we have not yet heard that any one Ship has made use of this Indulgence.

They write from Rome, that the Pope hearing the Italian Singers were performing an Opera in London, call'd *La Rebellion Punita*, (in Praise of the Duke of Cumberland, and to degrade the Pretender) he has excommunicated all the Roman Catholicks belonging to the English Opera, and has caused a List of them to be hung upon the Pillars of St. Bartholomew's Church at Rome, with an Injunction, that if they are found in any Roman Catholick Country, they shall be put into the Inquisition.

Charlestown, South-Carolina, April 21.

We have Advice from Providence, that Capt. Hunter in a small Sloop with 25 Hands, belonging to that Place, had taken a French Privateer of much superior Force on their own Shore, who struck to the first Gun fired; he was just coming out upon a Cruize.

The Salt Ponds in the Bahama's are all caked, and there is a Prospect of making Abundance.

April 28. On Saturday arrived Capt. Curling in 8 Weeks from Plymouth, by whom the latest Advices are, That the Pretender's Son was still in Scotland, and had re-assembled a Body of about 3000 of the Rebels near Inverness, in pursuit of which his Royal Highness the Duke had marched from Perth. That the Hazard Snow got safe to Dunkirk; her Errand is to solicit the Embarkation of some Irish Regiments in the French Service, for Scotland. That the French 50 Gun Ship, taken by the Portland, is carried into Plymouth. That Commodore Knowles had the good Fortune to meet with two

two large French Ships from Oſtend, on the 21ſt of February, in the Morning, bound for Scotland, which he took and brought ſafe into the Downs; they had on board about 600 Men of Lord Fitz James's Regiment of Iriſh Cavalry, with all their Saddles, Arms, Horſe Furniture, and Ammunition, and their Military Cheſt with 10,000 l. beſide 12 fine Braſs Cannon, 24 Pounders, and the following Perſons of Diſtinction, viz. Count Fitz James, the ſecond Son to the Duke of Berwick; Lord Tyrconell, Count de la Routhe, a Marquis of France, Sir Edward Butler, Sir Peter Nugent, ------- Nugent, Eſq; Brigadier Cook, and ſeveral others whoſe Names are not yet known, to the Number of 40 in the whole. That the French, not content with the Blow they have given in taking of Bruſſels, are following it with another of as great Conſequence, which is the Siege of Luxemburgh, it being already inveſted. That a Perſon at the French Court, ſuppoſed to be M. Belleiſle, had been diſgraced, and ſent to the Baſtile, and his Poſts ſupplied by a Creature of Cardinal Tencin's. That the King of Pruſſia gives new Alarms (tho' he declares for pacific Meaſures) by an Augmentation of his Troops, and aſſembling a conſiderable Army, the Deſtination whereof, puzzles the beſt Politicians to know. That the Spaniſh Army in Italy, under Don Philip, is incredibly ſucceſsful, having poſſeſſed itſelf of all the Milaneſe, almoſt all the Modenois, and have begun the Siege of Mirandola. And that the Mortality among the Cattle rages with the greateſt Violence, in Sweden, Norway, Denmark, France, Holland and England.

We hear that the Infection has broke out afreſh among the Cattle in this Province, and that they die very faſt at ſome Places about Aſhley River.

On Thurſday laſt ſail'd on a Cruiſe, his Majeſty's Ships Tartar and Alborough, commanded by the Captains Ward and Robertſon; and the Merchantmen then ready to ſail, proceeded to Sea under their Convoy, by which Means they eſcaped the Hands of the famous Don Julian De la Vega, who 3 Days before ſail'd from St. Auguſtine in a large Privateer Brigt. mounted with 14 Carriage Guns, 8 eight Pounders, and 6 ſix Pounders, and 16 Swivels, with 140 Men, clean and well fitted, who about 10 o' Clock that Night, being to Windward of the Tartar, came crowding down upon him, taking him to be a Merchantman; the Approach of which Capt. Ward calmly received, but ſoon convinced him of his Miſtake by a Broadſide, and Capt. Robertſon quickly join'd, on hearing the Noiſe of Action: The Don employ'd his Guns like a Man of Spirit, and had about 8 or 9 Men killed before he ſtruck. And this Evening we had the Pleaſure to ſee the Prize brought in here by Mr. Fitz Simmons, Capt. Ward's Chief Mate.

The Alborough, having had her Maſts wounded in the Action, is returning into Port; but Capt. Ward having had Intelligence that two other Privateers, Don Julian's Conſorts, came alſo out of St. Auguſtine at the ſame Time, proceeded with his Convoy, and in a few Days intends to Cruize for the Privateers, which we hope to have a good Account of.

The taking of this Don Julian was very lucky at this Time, as ſeveral Veſſels from Europe and other Parts, were then on the Coaſt, and next Day came ſafe into Port.

ANNAPOLIS, April 22.

The following Particulars of the Murder of Richard Waters, Taylor, in Kent County, on the 5th Inſtant, having been tranſmitted to us, are here inſerted:

About two Months ago, Hector Grant, a Highland Papiſt, and James Horney, an Iriſh one, both Servants to Mr. Waters, communicated to a Weſt-Country Convict Woman (Servant to Mr. Waters, and of the ſame Communion with the other two, and an Orphan Apprentice Girl) their Intention to murder their Maſter; to which the Women readily agreeing, they all ſwore on a Bible not to make any Diſcovery. Having been ſeveral Times diſappointed in their Deſign to way-lay him on the Road, in order to perpetrate their Villainy, it happened that on Saturday the 5th Inſtant, Mr. Waters being at a Muſter, and having drank too freely; he was conducted home by two of his Neighbours, who had him put to Bed, and left him about an Hour within Night: When the Woman having put his two Children to Bed with him, perſuaded the Orphan Girl to go over with her to a Neighbour's. In the mean time the two Men murder'd the poor Man, overcome with Liquor and Sleep, by giving him a deſperate Blow on the Head with an Ax; after which they dragg'd him out of Bed upon the Floor, repeated their Blows, tho' any of them would have proved mortal: The Children ſleeping ſound all the while, it is thought prevented their undergoing the ſame Fate; tho' the Highlander propoſed ſetting the Houſe on Fire, and burning the Children therein. The Girls returning, found the fellows rejoicing in their Villainy, who then put the Deceaſed's Clothes on him, and throwing his Body acroſs a Horſe carried it to a Branch about half a Mile from the Houſe, and there buried it: They afterwards burnt the bloody Sheets, clean'd away the Blood, and the next Morning gave out, that their Maſter ſet out for Annapolis by Day-break. Nobody had any Suſpicion of what had been tranſacted 'til about the Middle of the Week, when one of the Deceaſed's Shoes and Buckles were found; and their carouſing, buying Rum and idling about, and the Horſe's being ſeen at home, gave the Neighbours Reaſon to ſuſpect the Matter; whereupon the Men were apprehended, and a bloody Shirt found, but no further Diſcovery made till Sunday, when the Orphan Girl, after ſhe had at a ſolemn Examination denied ſhe knew any Thing of the Fact, privately confeſs'd ſhe had been ſworn to Secreſy: On being told that her Oath, being extorted by the Fellows could not be binding, ſhe related all ſhe knew of it. The ſame Evening, the Iriſhman, finding the Girl had made a Diſcovery, confeſs'd every Circumſtance told; as alſo where the Body was buried, and where he had conceal'd his Maſter's Watch, Ring, Claſps, &c. which were all accordingly found. The two Men and the Woman, were brought in by the Coroner's Inqueſt, guilty of Wilful Murder. The Highlander received the Sacrament at Maſs, the Sunday before this tragic Scene was executed; and notwithſtanding his moſt obſtinate Denial of knowing any thing of the Fact, appears to have been the firſt Propoſer, and principal Actor in this Tragedy.

We have Accounts that the Captains Ellis, Binney, Mackenzie, Perchard, and ſeveral Weſt-Countrymen, with Tobacco from this Province, were all taken in their Paſſage home.

Capt. Ogilvie's Ship is loſt, with the Cargo and all the Men, except himſelf and one more.

Capt. Kemp, from Barbados for this Province, is taken and carried into Martineco.

April 29. A Veſſel is arrived in Nanticoke, who took up a Ship's Crew as the Ship was ſinking, juſt within the Capes; they ſaved nothing but a Cable and Anchor. It is ſuppoſed to be a new Ship, commanded by Capt. Brown, belonging to this Province, and loaded with Tobacco for London; which was met by Captain Preſton in great Diſtreſs, without the Capes, and by him towed into 10 Fathom Water.

BOSTON, May 5.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Iſaac Prince, of this Town, dated St. Malo's, in France, Jan. 26. 1745-6.

----This comes to acquaint you of our Misfortune of being taken by a French Privateer of this Place, mounting 24 Carriage Guns, carrying 200 Men, on the 5th Inſt. We tarried on board the Privateer 15 Days, and ſaw 9 Sail of French Cruizers, and not one of our Men of War; and if our Men of War don't ply cloſer, they'll have their Harbours full of Ships; for it is almoſt impoſſible for any of our Merchantmen to get up the Channel.---There are now 20 or 30 French Privateers out of this Place, all Ships mounting 20, 30 or 40 Guns, all cruizing in the Chaps of the Channel.---Capt. Curtis that ſail'd from Boſton, is taken by the ſame Ship.---Capt. Cole in a Brigt founder'd, and was taken up by a French Ship and brought in here.---There are two or three Prizes brought in here every Day; and if the Privateers hold on as they do at this Preſent, this Place will be full of Priſoners, for there is near 1000 here now.---The Enemy uſed us very well till we came to go aſhore, and then they ſtripp'd and ſearch'd my Father and me, and took all from him; but as they did not find all my Money, what little I ſaved is of great Service to us both: Upon other Accounts we were uſed very well.---We want our Liberty, which we hope to have in 2 or 3 Days; and I hope to ſee you towards the latter End of May.---On our Voyage we met with terrible Weather and hard Gales of Wind, attended with Hail and Rain for 9 or 10 Days together; and we expected 2 or 3 Times the Veſſel would founder under us.---

We have Advice from St. Kitts, that Capt. Terrel, in a 20 Gun Ship, has taken a vaſt rich Regiſter Ship, and carried her into Antigua, the firſt of April.

A few Days ago a Sloop return'd to this Port (without performing her Voyage) that ſail'd about 3 Months ſince for Holland. She loſt her Maſt four Days after ſhe ſail'd, and was drove off the Coaſt by the hard Gales of Wind we had laſt Winter, and the People ſuffer'd extream Hardſhips for want of Proviſions.

Yeſterday Capt. Bennet, in the Brigantine Boſton Pacquet, arrived here in 14 Days from Louiſburgh, by whom we hear, that the Virginia Fleet was not arrived when he came away; but by other Advices, we have Reaſon to think they got in the Day following.

NEW-YORK, May 12.

Copy of a Letter from a Gentleman at Albany, to his Friend in New-York, dated 5th May, 1746.

SIR,

EVery Letter you receive from me this Summer, I fear, will be filled with ſhocking Accounts of Burnings and Murders committed by the Indians---- A few Days ago a Party took two Negroes Priſoners at Stonearabia (one belonging to Levinus Winne, the other to the Heirs of Mrs. Wendell.) A Day or two afterwards we heard from Kinderhook, (a Place 20 Miles South of this City) that the Indians had burnt the Houſes and Barns of Tunis Van Slyck and Peter Voſburgh, and killed their Cattle; but happily thoſe Families had removed that Day into a little Fort, which is built by the Neighbourhood at their own Expence, without the leaſt Aſſiſtance from the Publick that ever I heard. The next Alarm we had, was by Expreſs from Schenegtade, where the Savages had butchered Simon Groot, and two of his Brothers, three Miles from the Town, burnt the Houſe and Barn, killed and deſtroyed their Cattle, &c. This was done in Sight of ſome of our People who were on the oppoſite Side of River: I hear that three of thoſe Indians were very known by the Men that ſaw them; one of them is ſai be a Son of Tom Wileman, who not long ago remo from the Mohawks Country to Canada.

Is it not ſurprizing that our Indians ſhould ſuffer this within two or three Miles of their own Habitatio Ought not every prudent Step to be taken to induce them declare in our Favour? Major Collins went from be with 70 Men, and Major Glen with 100 Men f Schenegtade, in purſuit of the Enemy.

We certainly are in the moſt deplorable Situation; without a ſpeedy and powerful Aſſiſtance from the o Counties, we ſhall be under a Neceſſity of deſerting t and leave it to the Enemy, whatever People with may think of it: Should the French become Maſter this Place, what dreadful Conſequences have not all Colonies to expect from ſuch an Event; the Six Nat will then declare in their Favour, and will it not be their Power to harraſs all the Settlements in the Eng America, with the Aſſiſtance of the Ottowaes, Miſ goes, and other far Nations, who are very numerous, their continual Inroads! I know full well that many ple with you will think this to be a Chimera, and upon us as a diſpiritleſs Pack of Poltroons; but what they have us to do? We go in purſuit of the Enemy w ever any Miſchief is done near us, and leave our W and Children very much expoſed; for we are not ſuf ent in Numbers to defend our ſelves and act offenſi too. The laſt War indeed we carried into the Ene Country, and even took Priſoners under the Walls of t Fortifications; but at that time we were aſſiſted by Indians; ſhould they join us now, I doubt not but Spirits of our Fathers would be revived in their Sons I am ſenſible, that many of our Misfortunes are owing Diviſions; but if ever there was a Time that a fir and hearty Agreement amongſt our ſelves was abſolu neceſſary, it is now----But what ſhall I ſay, there Part of Mankind out of a Love of Cavil, or an Affect on of ſuperior Judgment, find Fault with every th that is done, for no other Reaſon but becauſe they are in the Adminiſtration, and are not conſulted, or bec Things are generally approved of by thoſe they look u to be what they call of another Party, and ſeek Appl from that which ought rather to raiſe Contempt.

Is this a Time to caſt Reproaches for what is paſt to cheriſh Faction! Ought we not rather to take Care the Future, and without Delay heartily unite to op the common Enemy? Shall we quietly ſuffer one Fron to be taken after another, the poor Inhabitants to be barouſly murthered by inhuman Savages! Ought not to rouſe us from our Lethargy? I wiſh that People in other Counties were ſenſible of our Miſeries, and the am certain they could not but be ſo touched with our M fortunes, as that nothing would alleviate them, till ſaw ſomething effectually done to protect us; whi think can be only done by an Aſſiſtance from the diffe Parts of the Government; engaging the Indians to dec in our Favour, and a ſtrong Fort at the Carrying-p garriſon'd with at leaſt 800 Men.

You will ſay, that our Province is not in a Capa to ſupport ſuch an Expence; which I will readily gra Should we therefore not endeavour to prevail on Neighbours in Maſſachuſetts and Connecticut, to join in the Expence of erecting and maintaining ſuch a Fo ſince we may demonſtrate, from the Situation of the Pl that it would be no leſs a Protection to them, than to or rather, let us heartily join and remove the Root the Evil, by taking Canada, which will as long a remains in the Hands of the French, be a Thorn in Sides; and that, I think, may be effected; the Adv tages of which would be inconceivably great to the Cro of Great Britain. I fear I have already tired your tience, and therefore conclude, with, I am, Sir, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.

Tueſday laſt arrived here Capt. Grant from Sou Carolina, with whom came Paſſenger the Rev. M Whitefield, who went aſhore at Lewiſtown, and deſi to be here on Saturday or Sunday next. Capt. Grant forms us, that the Privateer Snow Cruizer, Capt. W liam Clymer, of this Place, in Company with Ca Lampree of Charleſtown, had ſent in there a Spa Sloop, which had ſome Wine, Saffron, &c. on boa That a Snow from Glaſgow, was taken off the Bar a Privateer Schooner, from St. Auguſtine, a few D before he ſailed: That he ſpoke with a Veſſel fr Glaſgow for Charleſtown, the Capt. of which told hi that the Duke's Army had been ſeveral Times in Sig of the Rebels, in the North of Scotland, but that th outmarched them ſo much, that it was impoſſible come up with them: And that the Apprehenſions People of Carolina were under, of being attacked by Indians, were over, every Thing being accommoda with them.

There is likewiſe Advice from Charleſtown, th there was a Privateer Brigt. to ſail directly from Aug tine, to cruiſe between the Capes of Virginia and De ware; ſhe is a ſmall black Brigt. with a Hag B Stern, has a white Bottom, and mounts 16 Carri Guns: And that a Sloop from the ſame Place, was cruiſe in Lat. 30. 32:

Capt Lyon, from Lisbon, but laſt from Barbados,

Best possible image.

arms us, that as he came out of Liſbon, he met an Engliſh Privateer going in, and with her a French Prize Schooner.

We hear from Cheſter, that one James Reily, a Servant Man of Quintane Moore's of Ridley Townſhip, being at work in a Field alone, hanged himſelf on the 8th Inſt. by twiſting the ſmall End of the Bough of a Tree round his Neck, which grew not above 4 Foot from the Ground.

†† New-York Lottery Tickets, ſold by B. Franklin. Price 30s. each.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred In.
Sloop Content, Thomas Watts, from Bermudas.
---- March, David Conyers, from Turk's Iſland.
---- Endeavour, John Newbold, from N. Providence.
---- Tryall, Thomas Durfey, from Rhode-Iſland.
Snow Wexford, Charles Lyon, from Barbados.
Schooner Charleſtown, William Grant, from S. Carolina.

Outwards.

Sloop Content, Thomas Watts, for Bermuda.
---- William and Agnes, Wm. Morrell, for Barbados.
---- Virgin, Stephen Hicks, for St. Kitts.
---- Increaſe, James Darrell, for Antigua.
Brigt. Lucea, William Child, for Barbados.
---- Argyle, George Morriſon, for Antigua.

Cleared.

Sloop Henry, John Dickinſon, to Antigua.
---- Eunice, John Gibbs, to Ditto.
---- Endeavour, Benjamin Tatem, to S. Carolina.
---- Batchelor, Joſeph Newbold, to Barbados.
---- Warwick, Robert Dickinſon, to Antigua.
---- Endeavour, John Dill, to Cape Breton.
---- Anne, Benjamin Stovell, to Jamaica.
---- George, John Todd, to Antigua.
---- Anne, Richard Veſey, to Jamaica.
---- Leah and Elizabeth, Cornelius Vanderhoon, to Virginia.

Philadelphia, May 15. 1746.

THIS is to give notice to all perſons concerned, that the partnerſhip between Stedman and Robertſon, in company, is expired; and all perſons that have any accounts with, or demands againſt the ſaid company, are deſired to bring them in to ſaid Stedman and Robertſon, in order to be adjuſted and ſettled; and all perſons that are indebted to the ſaid company, are deſired to pay their reſpective Debts, to Charles and Alexander Stedman, the ſame being aſſigned and made over to them the 12th inſtant.

Stedman, Robertſon, and Comp.

ES dienet hiemmit allen ſo daben intereſſiret, zur Nachricht, Daſs die Handlungs Compagnieſchafft zuiſchen Stedman Robertſon & Comp. zu end gelauffen. Derowegen werden alle und jede, welche Rechnungen mit gemeldter Compagnieſchafft, oder Anfoderungen und dieſelbe haben, anbey erſuchet, dieſelbe bey benannten Stedman und Robertſon einzuliefern, damit dieſelbe entſchieden und abgethan werden: Alle diejenigen aber, welche der benannten Compagnieſchafft ſchuldig ſind, werden erſuchet, ein jeglicher ſein Schuld an Charles und Alexander Stedman zu bezahlen, als welchen dieſe Schulden überlaſſen und zugewieſen ſind. Dato den 12 May, 1746. Stedman, Robertſon, & Comp.

Philadelphia, May 15. 1746.

RUN away, the 6th of March laſt, from the Subſcriber, an Iriſh Servant Man, named William Stuart, about 37 Years of Age, by Trade a Shoemaker, about five Foot high, has a Scar on his Throat, ſhort Thumbs, ſandy Complexion, large Eyebrows, grey Eyes, red Beard, a large Dimple in his Chin, his Noſe marked with wearing Spectacles, is a ſtern, impudent looking Fellow, much given to Talk when in Liquor, writes a good Hand, and pretends to be a Scholar. Had on when he went away, a Worſted Cap, light Camblet Jacket, Leather Breeches, white Shirt, mill'd Stockings, and high Heel'd Shoes, but may have changed his Name and Clothes. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *FIVE PISTOLES* Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

WILLIAM MOODE.

To be SOLD,

A Good Plantation, containing 250 Acres of Land, a good Stone Houſe, Barn and Stables, and under good Fence, is well water'd, and produces large Crops of Wheat, about 150 Acres cleared, the reſt well Timber'd. It is ſituate in Lower Merion, Philadelphia County, about 11 Miles from Philadelphia, between Coneſtogoe Road and Schuylkill. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to Joſeph Tucker, on ſaid Place, and agree on reaſonable Terms.

N. B. On the 11th of March laſt there came to ſaid Plantation a bay Mare, about Four Years old, with two Shoes before, a trimmed Mane, and Switch Tail, and branded on the near Buttock. The Owner, paying Charges, is deſired to take her away.

STray'd the 9th Inſt. [May] from Samuel Jackſon, Whipmaker, of the ſouthern liberties of Philadelphia, a low ſquat grey Cow, her head and ſhoulders ſomething bluiſh, with wide ſtrait ſmall horns, a crop upon her right ear, has a great bag, and gives a great deal of milk, is about 7 Years old, and is ſuppoſed to be gone to the Great Swamp, in Bucks County. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Cow, or gives intelligence, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have Ten-ſhillings reward, paid by

SAMUEL JACKSON.

ELizabeth Paſchall, Shopkeeper, in Market-ſtreet, intending to take down and Re-build the Houſe ſhe now lives in, and remove for the Space of 3 Months to the Houſe where Robert Jordan formerly lived, in Strawberry Alley; will continue to ſell all Sorts of Merchant's Goods as uſual. All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of her deceaſed Huſband, Joſeph Paſchall, are deſired to pay their reſpective Debts, or ſhe muſt proceed againſt them, as the Law directs.

Philadelphia, May 15, 1745.

In Purſuance of an Order of the Orphans Court for the City and County of Philadelphia, Thomas Hopkinſon, Clk.

THere will be expoſed to Sale on Monday the 2d Day of June next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Margaret Ingram, at the Sign of the Roſe and Crown in Front Street, in the aforeſaid City, One Lot of Ground on the Eaſt Side Water, or King Street, containing 27 Feet in front, and one half thereof running into the Water as far as the Proprietaries boundaries allows; the other 95 Feet, together with all the Improvements, viz. a large Work-ſhop with a Celler under back, and a good Stone Foundation in the Front, with the Cellar dug and the firſt Floor laid. Likewiſe the ſame Day will be Sold the Brick Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot of Land ſituate on the Bank oppoſite the above nam'd Lot, and now in Poſſeſſion of Mr. Samuel Shoemaker, Merchant, fronting Water or King Street, 13 Feet and one half, and back to Front Street, the Improvements about half way, and three Stories high, late the Eſtate of Stephen Bazeley, deceas'd. Any Perſons inclined to bid for ſaid Premiſſes, may be informed of the Ground Rent and Proprietaries Thirds, by Hannah Bazeley, Adminiſtratrix to the ſaid Eſtate, or by William Croſthwaite.

Philadelphia, May 15. 1746.

Mr. FRANKLIN,

I Sent you directions laſt week, to adverti ſe, that Catharine my wife ſhould not be credited on my account; what I then did, was by unadviſedly adhering to a report rais'd by the inſtigation of a diſaffected neighbour, for which I am now ſorry: Therefore I now requeſt the favour of you to reverſe the ſaid advertiſement, by giving publick notice, that I am fully ſatisfied that ſhe ſhall hereafter be credited on my account, as heretofore. Witneſs my hand this 15th Day of May, 1746.

RICHARD WARKINS.

To be LETT,

A Large Dwelling Houſe on Society Hill, with a Kitchen, Waſh Houſe, Chaiſe Houſe, Stable, and a Garden improved. Enquire of Robert Grace, Merchant, in Philadelphia, or the Printer hereof.

AT the ſign of the Globe in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, all ſorts of old pewter diſhes and plates, &c. that by long uſe or neglect of ſervants are batter'd, bruized, melted or damaged, ſhall be mended (if poſſible) neat and cheap; care ſhall be taken to give general ſatisfaction, to all that are pleaſed to employ the ſubſcriber.

SIMON WYER.

N. B. Ready Money is given for old Pewter.

TO BE LETT,

A Commodious Houſe and Lot, on Market-ſtreet, next Door to Mr. Jacob Shoemaker's, at the Sign of the Spinningwheel. Enquire farther of James Meredith, at ſaid Houſe.

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on Monday the 19th Inſtant [May] at 4 o' Clock in the Afternoon, at John Saunders's, at the Sign of the Huntſman and Hounds, on the upper End of Second-Street;

TWO Lots of Ground oppoſite the Powder-Houſe, and another oppoſite to Pegg's Brick-Kilns.

N. B. As it has been heretofore advertized, that all Perſons indebted to John Leech, deceas'd, were deſired to pay the ſame; this is therefore, as there was no Notice taken, to warn them, that on their farther Delay, a more ſpeedy Method will be taken, by Mary Leech, Executrix.

NOTICE is hereby GIVEN, THAT Mr. ANDREW LENDRUM, Batcheler of Arts, late of *Trinity-College*, DUBLIN, has open'd SCHOOL in *New-Brunſwick*; where all Youth may (by him) be inſtructed in Latin, Greek and Logick, &c. according to the beſt Method now taught, and at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

Dover, April 27. 1746.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there is in this goal, a man that goes by the name of James Young, an Engliſhman, is about 5 feet 9 inches high, of a ruddy complexion, well ſet, has black curl'd hair, long viſage, high thin noſe, a learing down look, and is about 40 years of age. 'Tis thought he is the perſon that made his eſcape in Auguſt laſt, from Anthony Tate, near Newtown goal, Bucks county, as he has confeſſed he had an ax with him, when he made his eſcape ſome time ago, from ſome body in Bucks county, but does not know from whom. If he is the perſon, it is deſired he ſhould be ſpeedily taken away.

THOMAS GREEN, Sheriff.

NOTICE is hereby given that David Davis, fuller, at lower Merion, is removed down to Darby to the fulling mill late Job Harvey's; where any perſon may have all ſorts of woollen cloth, or druggets mill'd, dy'd, ſhear'd and preſs'd, after the beſt manner; alſo tammies and duroys ſcower'd and preſſed; linen or woollen dyed blue, either in cloth or yarn; old garments ſcower'd and preſſed; ſtains or mildews taken out of pieces damaged by ſea; all which ſhall be done with care, and to the beſt advantage, by ſaid Davis.

N. B. He ſtill continues to take in ſtuff at his old place, in Merion, to oblige former cuſtomers, and they may depend upon having it as well done, and with more expedition than uſual. And will hereafter continue to take in work at John Chappel's, at the ſign of the Black Bull, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

To be ſold or let by the above named David Davis;

A Tract of Land containing 100 Acres, in the townſhip of Lower Merion, in Philadelphia county; with a good fulling mill, and all utenſils thereunto belonging; a good dwelling houſe, barn and ſtables; a very good bearing orchard; about 7 acres of good meadow, all under water; about one half of the land cleared, and within good fence: There is alſo very good conveniencies on the place to build a griſt-mill, where the water has above 20 foot fall, without doing any damage to the fulling mill; any perſon inclining to purchaſe, or rent the ſaid place, by applying to the ſaid Davis, now living at Darby, may know the conditions.

N. B. The ſaid place is within a mile of the Three Tuns, and within 10 miles of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

STRAYED or ſtolen on the 19th of April laſt, from Moſes Wells, living in Lower Dublin, Philadelphia county; a ſmall white mare, having a ſcar on her rump, and is ſomewhat likely to have the pole-evil, having a lump on her near ſide, much higher than the other, and paces a ſmall travel. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and brings her to the owner, ſhall be rewarded according to their labour, by

MOSES WELLS.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

AT ten o' Clock on Tueſday the 20th Inſt. will be ſold by publick vendue, near the ſign of the Riſing Sun, on Germantown road; Ten lots of good wood land, each being in breadth on ſaid road between 5 and 6 perches; in depth, from 23 and a half to 38 perches; containing, from 3 quarters of an acre to near an acre and a quarter. The buyers may have 6 months credit, and if at that time they cannot make payment, they ſhall have one year more, upon paying lawful Intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required.

THEOBALD BOYER.

Juſt imported in the Ship Williams Galley, Captain Harriſon, from London, and to be ſold by Joſeph Sims, at his Houſe, in Front Street, for ready Money, or three Months Credit, viz.

BEST French verdigreaſe, allom, red wood, madder, 2, 4, 6, 10 and 20 penny nails, beſt Engliſh ſteel, beſt Pennſylvania ſcythes, with an aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods.

IMPORTED in the Ship Williams-Galley, Capt. Harriſon, a ſmall Bale, No. 1, SIE in a Diamond, with a Figure of 4 and Crowfoot, Stores; the Owner appearing and proving his Property, may have the ſame from Mr. George Okill, paying the Freight, and the Charge of this Advertiſement.

To be ſold by Thomas Marriott, living in the Borough of Briſtol, in the County of Bucks, the following Lots, viz.

A Good houſe 26 feet front on a ſtreet running along the river Delaware, on a lot which runs 222 feet back, to another ſtreet; another good brick houſe, 21 feet front, with convenient cellars, kitchen, wells, &c. on a lot which alſo runs back 222 feet, to the ſaid other ſtreet; a good brick ſhop, 2 ſtories high, with a cellar underneath, on a lot which alſo runs back the ſame diſtance; a lot and ſhop on the bank, fronting Delaware river; alſo an orchard of choice fruit, incloſed with a good hedge, and fronts 3 ſtreets, together with a good ſtable, cart-houſe, cow-houſes, and divers other conveniencies; four acres of mowing ground, in good order, and incloſed with a fine thorn hedge, together with a lot 66 feet wide, running from the four acres to the ſtreet, and ſo down to the ſaid river; all which ſaid lots and houſes are ſituate in a commodious part of the borough of Briſtol: Alſo 4 acres of meadow, and 33 acres of wood-land, about a mile and a half from the above premiſſes; with 1250 acres of land in the Jerſeys, a little above the forks of Delaware, and fronting ſaid river. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole or part, by applying to ſaid Marriott, the owner, may know the title and terms of ſale.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation lying on the great road to Coneſtogo, 8 or 9 miles from Philadelphia, in Merion townſhip, containing 107 Acres; there is on it a pretty good dwelling-houſe, a good fram'd barn, a ſmith's ſhop, with two hearths, a coal houſe, a large young orchard, a conſiderable part good bearing trees; alſo ſome meadow, and more may be made; there is about 40 acres of wood land, the reſt clear'd to hand; this place is well ſituated for almoſt any tradeſman, eſpecially a tanner, ſtorekeeper, ſadler or ſmith, it being not only on one of the greateſt roads in the province, but in a thick ſettled neighbourhood, and within a mile or little more of a meeting, and of 2 griſt and fulling mills, and a ſaw-mill. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the conditions at the ſaid plantation, from the ſubſcriber, who intending ſoon to go back in the country, is the more deſirous of ſelling, in order to ſettle his affairs. *JACOB MELLOR.*

N. B. There is alſo to be ſold 20 acres of winter grain.

A Tract of Land in Bucks County, belonging to Richard Murray, is to be ſold by Abraham Chapman, and Henry Vanaken, in Philadelphia.

CHOICE Pickled STURGEON, ſold by the Cagg or Pound, at Anthony Wilkinſon's, in Water-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

To be SOLD,

A Plantation in the Mannor of Morcland, and County of Philadelphia, containing 152 Acres of very good Land, one Half thereof Meadow Ground, chiefly cleared, and made fit for the Scythe, the whole Place in very good Repair, being all fenced with Cheſtnut Rails, and divided into Fields, Water in each Part thereof, two fine Streams running thro' ſaid Place, and join about the Middle of the Land, Plenty of Fiſh are in ſaid Runs, ſuch as Trout, Mullett and Pike, the Fiſh might be kept with little Coſt, by putting a Grate at each End, they never overflow with any Freſh, their Heads are Half a Mile diſtant, and much the ſame Length from where they join to the Extent thereof, which affords Room for the Fiſh to play and feed. The Plantation is commodiouſly ſituated on the upper York Road, 16 Miles from Philadelphia, and joins on a Griſt Mill that makes Merchants Work, has good Improvements, a large Stone Houſe, two Story high four Rooms on each Floor, a Cellar the whole Length of the Houſe, a new Stone Kitchen, well finiſhed, alſo a Negroe Stone Houſe, Stable, Barn, and other Houſes, two very good Orchards, a fine Spring in one of them, where a Fiſh-pond might be made with very little Charge, alſo a cold Bath, a large Garden, newly paled, adjoining the ſaid Houſe: The Place is fit for either a Gentleman or Storekeeper, it being a Country Village, and a great Reſort of People, the Quit-rent about Two-pence per Year, and the Title ſure. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid Place, paying Two Hundred Pounds in Hand, may have Three Years Time or more for the Payment of the reſt, paying Intereſt. Enquire of Patrick Hunlon, near the Place, or Mr. Andrew Farrel, Tanner in Philadelphia, and know farther. ---

N. B. There are ſeveral likely Negroes to be diſpoſed of by ſaid Farrel.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Printer hereof for a Year's Gazette, or more, are deſired to make Payment.

NOtice is hereby given, that there is now in the hands of John Fletcher, of Plymouth, deputy ranger for George Boone, Eſq; chief ranger for the county of Philadelphia, the following ſtrays, viz. a grey horſe, branded Q; a roan mare, and a grey colt, branded with a heart; a bay horſe; a large bay mare; and a bay horſe, branded on the near Buttock H K; the owners proving their properties, and deſcribing their other natural marks, paying charges, may have 'em again; and any perſon having any ſtrays in his hands, of what kind ſoever, are deſired to bring, ſend, or give notice of them to the ranger, in order that the owners may be found; and if any perſon having a ſtray, if a horſe, or a mare, by ſending of 'em to the ranger, ſhall have five ſhillings for his trouble; but if any perſon having a ſtray, and knowing the ſame to be a ſtray, and ſhall neglect giving lawful notice to the ranger, may expect to be proceeded againſt as the law directs. ⊕

NOTICE is hereby given to all thoſe who are or may be concerned as adventurers in the propoſals made by the ſubſcriber, for ſale of a meſſuage, and ſundry lots of ground, &c. by drawing of chances, That whoever ſhall be the gainers of any lots in Trenton or Smithfield; or of any of the Fifty-five lots at Kenſington, which are valued in the liſt of prizes, at twelve pound ten ſhillings per lot, ſhall have the choice either to have the ſaid lots confirm'd to them, their heirs and aſſigns forever; or to receive the reſpective values of the ſaid lots as rated in the ſaid liſt, in caſh on demand, without any Deduction whatſoever, by

JOHN BOOD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Timothy Matlack, is removed and ſettled in Philadelphia, againſt the Jerſey-Market, a little above the Poſt-Office, in Market-Street, at the ſign of the two Sugar-Loves, marked TM *in gold letters; where any perſon may be ſupplied with European and Weſt-India goods, cheap for ready money or ſhort credit. All perſons indebted to the ſaid Timothy Matlack, on bonds, bills, or book debts, are deſired to come and ſetle their accounts, and pay their reſpective debts or they may expect to be proceeded againſt as the law directs,*

N. B. Attendance will be given at Haddonfield, the ſecond ſecond day in every month during the ſummer ſeaſon, in order to ſettle with debtors

TIMOTHY MATLACK.

Juſt arrived in the Snow Dublin's Prize, William Rankin, Maſter,

A Number of likely and healthy Men and Women ſervants, the Men moſtly tradeſmen; who are to be diſpoſed of by Iſrael Pemberton, jun. or ſaid maſter on board the ſnow, now lying off Cheſnut-ſtreet Wharff.

Philadelphia, May 8. 1746.

RUN away on the 3d inſt. from the ſubſcriber, an apprentice lad, named James Jacobs, about 18 or 19 years of age, tall and ſlender, of a pale complexion, long viſage, long noſe, long dark hair, if not cut off, by trade a carpenter, and was born at New-York. Had on when he went away, a brown kerſey Coat, with large braſs buttons, a brown linnen veſt, both leather and linnen breeches, grey worſted ſtockings, and cotton ditto, new ſhoes, large ſilver buckles, with braſs anchors, a pair of wrought braſs buckles, and a good caſtor hat. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures him in any goal in Pennſylvania government, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges; or if taken in any other government, Ten Pounds, and reaſonable charges, paid by *ISAAC TAYLOR.*

N. B. 'Tis probable he may change his clothes.

Philadelphia, May 1. 1746.

RUN away on the 27th of April laſt, from James Payne, Cooper, living on Society Hill, a ſervant Lad, named Michael Woldridge, of middle Stature, dark Complexion, buſhy Hair, between 17 and 18 Years of Age: Had on, a Felt Hat, a ſilk Barcelona handkerchief, a browniſh colour'd jacket lin'd with blue, a pair of buckſkin breeches with braſs buttons, ozenbrigs ſhirt, mix'd yarn ſtockings, and a pair of double ſoal'd ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may him again, ſhall have Twenty-ſhillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ⊕ *JAMES PAYNE.*

ABRAHAM SHELLEY,

Keeper of the Work-houſe, in Philadelphia, continues to buy,

FINE grey Linnen Yarn, for which he gives Ready Money. He makes and ſells for Ready Money, all Sorts of fine coloured Thread, at reaſonable Rates. He takes in Linnen Yarn, to die blue, and fine Linnen, to dye, ſtiffen, and glaze, for the Lineing of Gentlemen's Cloaths, or Hat Lineings, printed Linnen and Callico, new or old to ſcower or glaze; Cloth Cloaths to ſcower and clean; Logwood, Redwood, and Fuſtick, to ſell for Dyers and Hatters: All with Care and Expedition.

Philadelphia, March 15. 1745-6.

DEſerted from the Officers now raiſing Men for Governor Shirley's Regiment of Foot at Cape-Breton, the following Perſons, viz. MOSES LARKEN, DANIEL SHIE, JOHN PRICE, RICHARD BRAZIER, THOMAS LEECH, JOSEPH BRAGDEN, BARNEY MACLAUCHLAN, DANIEL LION, JOHN MACGLOUGHLIN, ALBERT LEOPOLT, CHARLES BURNES, HENRY MACTHERON, RICHARD MACKALLEY, *and* DANIEL LEWEN. *Whoever apprehends any of ſaid Deſerters, and brings them to the Sign of the George, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward for each, from*

PHILIP GOTTFRIED KAST, or
CHARLES PROCTER.

GEORGE R

For His Majeſty's Service.

ALL Gentlemen inclining to ſerve His majeſty king GEORGE, as voluntiers in the regiment of foot under command of his excellency WILLIAM SHIRLEY, eſq; governor of the province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, in New England, &c. may repair to the ſign of the George, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia, and there agree for the term of three, five, or ſeven years; at the expiration whereof, if they deſire it, they ſhall be faithfully diſcharged, and land given them to ſettle on in the iſland of Cape-Breton. They ſhall, upon their inliſtment, receive an Engliſh crown to drink his Majeſty's health, and enter immediately into Britiſh pay; their paſſages ſhall be paid to Boſton or Louiſburgh, and all neceſſaries for the voyage furniſhed for them: They ſhall, on their embarkation, receive two piſtoles bounty money; and as ſoon as they arrive at Boſton or Louiſburgh, ſhall have a good new ſuit of cloaths, from head to foot, and two good new Shirts, &c.

N. B. The officers attend, at the place above-mentioned, from eight to eleven in the morning, and from three to ſix in the afternoon.

CHARLES PROCTER.
PHILIP GOTTFRIED KAST.

Vor den Koenig von Engeland.

ALLE herrn ſo luſt und lieb haben, dienſt anzunehmen unter commandant Williams Scherli, obriſter ober ein regiment zu fuſs und gouverneur in New-England, &c. der mag nachfragen bey herr Johann Wood, wohnhafft in der Second Straſſe, in Philadelphia, und ſie koennen capitulieren vor 3, 5, oder 7 Jahr, wann die zeit auſs iſt, und wollen nicht mehr ſoldaten ſeyn, ſo ſollen ſie ihren ehrlichen abſchied haben. Es iſt gut land, allda in Ludwigs Burg, Cappreton iſt des lands nahmen, wann einer ſich hauſshaeltig will neiderſetzen, der ſoll land frey haben vor ewig, nnd ſollen frey hingeſand werden; und der ſich bey uns unterhalten laeſt, ſoll eine Engliſche cron haben for des Koenigs wohlſeyn zu trincken. Wir gieben 15 Teutſche gulden hand geld, alle jahr eine neue mundur von fuſs auf bis zum kopff wie auch hembter, und 14 kreutzer ein tag, und eſſen darneben.

P. S. Wan einer weib und kinter hat, er hat erlaubnus ſolche mit zu nehmen. Wir logieren im wirths hauſe zum Sanct Georg, in der Second-traſs, in Philadelphia, einer iſt ein Teutſcher officier, nahmens Philip Gottfried Kaſt. Charles Procter.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the Market.

Best possible image.